Appendix 1

In this guide

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Table 1. Summary of responses: What new changes towards net zero are being implemented already? (Inside your sector)

Category Academia Manufacturing Farmers & Veterinary Surgeon

• Soil Management

- Improving nutrients
- Increase carbon sequestration
- Offsetting carbon pollution through NPP
- Manure management
 - Anaerobic digestion
- Animal husbandry
 - Improving utilisation of feed
 - Improve fertility
 - Improve genetics
- Changes to procurement practices

- Regenerative farming techniques
 - No/minimal till
 - Cover crops and nitrogen fixing crops
 - Mixed
 rotations
 which
 include
 livestock
 - Nutrient management
 - Hedgerow and woodland management
- Productivity improvements
 - Animal and plant health
 - Basic knowledge exchange
 - Improved genetics
 - Energy efficiency
 - Precision farming
 - Nutrition
 - Reproduction

Farming methods

- Green energy
 - Closer
 connectivity
 between
 heating and
 cooling
 systems
 - Renewable energy
 - Changing energy grid
 - Enhanced
 efficiency in
 existing
 systems
 through
 energy
 conservation,
 monitoring
 and
 utilisation
- Crop breeding
 - Low energy rice and grain processing, potential for 90% energy reduction.

- Green energy
 - Removal of coal and fossil fuels
 - Renewable sources
 - Solar panels
 - Electric vehicles
- Energy use reduction

- Green energy
 - Through anaerobic digestion
 - On-site renewable sources

Energy

Farming

inputs

- Integrated pest management (IPM)
- Targeted pesticide and agrochemical use.

Land use

- Environmental Land Management (ELM)
- Trials associated with soil carbon

- Alterations to fertiliser practises
 - Move from inorganic to organic fertilisers
 - Abated fertiliser due to supply in the UK
 - Reduced
 reliance on
 ammonium
 nitrate
 fertiliser
- Integrated Pest Management (IPM)
- Reduced reliance of Plant Protection Product (PPP)
- Land use change
- Planting woody biomass

Consumer diet change

- Protein self sufficiency
- Use of alternatives to imported protein sources.

Waste

- Food waste reduction
- Waste reduction and management
 - Zero waste to landfill
- Water recycling and reduction.

Packaging materials

Net impact is negative as packaging protects and preserves products through the supply chain and the product loss that it prevents has a greater Greenhouse Gas (GHG) footprint than packaging itself.

Media and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) driven reduction of packaging (particularly substitution

of plastics

packaging by alternative

materials)

will increase

GHG impact

and must

"follow the

science" not

rhetoric.

Including recycled content into primary food

Packaging

 Food packaging material and weight changes.

Measurement

- Measuring of parameters
- Complete carbon footprints on-farm

Manufacturing

- Improved manufacturing efficiency
- Reduce rejection and reduce rework and achieve zero waste
- Deforestation policies among manufacturers

Technology

- Innovation
- Increased use of high-tech production systems (glasshouses, Controlled Environment Agriculture (CEA), hydroponics)

Transport

Processing methods

Shelf-life

Retail